

ASSOCIATION DES CLUBS DE CRICKET DU SUD-OUEST

Siège social : Hôtel des Associations - 47160 DAMAZAN

BLEVINS  FRANKS
INTERNATIONAL TAX & WEALTH MANAGEMENT

ACCSO Tournament Rules 2019 – Blevins Franks Regional League

Version date: 3 April 2019

Changes from 2018 are **highlighted**

Notes: Updated to reflect

Regulation 1.7 - Colour of balls (page 1) Regulation

2.7 - Two teams from one club enter the competition (page 2)

Regulation 3 - Competition structure (page 2)

Regulation 4.1 - Change to match format (page 2)

Regulation 4.3 - Start time and duration of match. (page 3)

Regulation 4.10 - Bowlers suspended must be reported (page 5)

- Beamers, Umpires discretion on action (page 5)

Regulations 6.6 and 8.5 - Clubs to provide Team Sheets to umpires before the match who email them to ACCSO Secretary after the match. (pages 8 and 9)

1. General

1.1. Except where otherwise specified below, all matches will be subject to the Laws of Cricket (MCC 2017 Code).

1.2. For players under the age of 19 on the day of the match, the current ECB Guidelines for the playing of junior players in adult games will apply. Copies of these ECB Guidelines are published on the ACCSO Web site.

1.3. Charges of misconduct or other disciplinary matters will be categorized according to the Table of Offences and Sanctions appended to the ACCSO Disciplinary Procedure (copy accessible via the Regulations page of the ACCSO Web site). This Table contains all the reportable offences covered by the Laws 2017 Code and comes into effect from season 2018.

1.4. All games will, in the first instance, be scheduled for 1pm on Sundays. However, clubs may come to different arrangements (earlier start time; Saturdays, public holidays, 'ponts'), with the prior agreement of ACCSO.

In all fixture lists, the club named first is at home.

1.5. The default standard dress code for players in ACCSO competitive matches is white tops/shirts, white trousers and white pads. However, a club can field a side in coloured tops/shirts; but only if all the players wear them. If this is not the case, any players not wearing the standard coloured top/shirt will not be allowed to play.

1.6. Umpires will wear clothing which distinguishes them clearly from the fielders.

1.7. The Blevins Franks Regional League is played with the colour of ball chosen by the home club. ACCSO will provide home clubs with sufficient standard balls to match the published League fixture list, Cup and T20 tournament draws.

1.8. The president of a club playing at home is responsible for providing a non-playing scorer throughout the entire match.

2. Eligibility: Clubs and players

2.1. ACCSO 2019 competitions are restricted to teams drawn from clubs which have affiliated to the FFBS for 2019.

2.2. Such teams must consist only of players who possess a 2019 competition-level licence.

A member of a non-affiliated club can play for an affiliated club but he must take out a competitive licence beforehand.

2.3. Licenced players born before 1st January 2003 may play without any further control or qualification.

2.4. Licenced junior players born in 2003 can play, provided that their club has on file a written parental authority.

2.5. Licenced junior players born in 2004 can play, provided that they are registered as players of "Haut Niveau" (HN) and appear on the current list of such players which is maintained by the Directeur Sportif of France Cricket.

2.6. Anyone who plays one or more matches for a given club in one of the competitions cannot play for another club in the same competition.

2.7. Anyone who plays in 25% of matches (ie 2) for one team from a given club which enters two teams in the competition cannot play for the other team from the same club in the same competition.

3. Competition structure: Blevins Franks Regional League

3.1. Pool Phase: Two pools, North and South:

Teams in the pools:

South: Catus, Damazan, Midi, TCC Bears, TCC Wolves

North: B-GCC, Eymet, Mansle, St Aulaye

3.2. Pool phase: League system (matches against each participating club in the pool; one home and one away).

3.3. Semi-Final phase: One match between the club finishing a pool phase in first place and the club finishing second in the other pool. Pool winners to play at home.

3.4. Final phase: One match between the club winning each Semi-Final at a ground tbc.

4. Tournament Match Rules

4.1. Overs etc

4.1.1. League games are based on a maximum total of 75 x 6-ball overs. The side batting first cannot receive more than 40 overs but may declare after 20 overs are completed. The side batting second are then able to bat for a maximum of overs to bring the total to 75. To constitute a match the side batting second must receive a minimum of 20 overs. If this is not possible, paragraph 4.6.3 will apply.

This minimum of 20 second-innings overs clearly does not apply if the side batting second is dismissed in less than 20 overs or if it reaches the opposition's score in less than 20 overs.

4.1.2. No player may bowl more than 20% of his side's overs, or more than 8 overs, whichever is the lower..

4.1.3. In a reduced-overs match no bowler shall bowl more than 20% of the available overs, rounded up, unless he has already done so before the decision is taken to reduce the overs. Thus, for example, in a match reduced to 15 overs per side, nominally, no bowler may bowl more than 3 overs.

4.1.4. Points. Win **10 points**, Lose **0 points**, Win draw (Batted first but unable to bowl out other team) **7 points**. Lose draw (team batting second scores fewer runs but does not lose all its wickets) **3 points**, Tied on runs, regardless of wickets lost **5 points**

4.2. Minimum team size: 7 players.

4.3. Start times and duration of match

Given the distances traveled by our clubs, every effort must be made to start at the scheduled time. This will normally be 1pm but it may be modified by prior mutual agreement between the clubs and ACCSO; or by umpires and captains when at the ground, notably for meteorological reasons. Should circumstances require, such as high temperatures, umpires are empowered unilaterally to reduce the number of overs for a match on the grounds of safety. Should this occur the number of overs need to reflect maintenance of the 40/35 ratio

4.3.1. All matches: The umpires will allow up to 15 minutes' delay in the start of the match, after which the number of overs per side will automatically start to be reduced, by 1 over per innings for every 8 minutes lost.

4.3.2. All matches: If, after this 15 minute period, the start is further delayed by more than 45 minutes because of one side's non-arrival/player shortage, the other side will, if present and with 7 or more players on the ground, be awarded the match and - in the case of a **pool-phase** match - 2 points.

4.3.3. Pool-phase matches only: If, after the 15 minute period, the start of a **pool-phase** match is further delayed by more than 45 minutes because both sides are late and/or short of the minimum 7 players, the match will be declared "unplayable". The match will not be re-scheduled and both sides will receive 0 points.

4.3.4. Final match (if scheduled): If, after the 15 minute period, the start of the Final match is further delayed by more than 45 minutes because both sides are late and/or short of the minimum 7 players, the match will be decided by the toss of a coin on the ground.

4.4. Intervals

4.4.1. Change-over between innings is 20 minutes (or other time agreed by the umpires and captains before the match).

4.4.2. There shall be a drinks break of 5 minutes at the mid-point of the number of overs to be played. Other intervals may be decided by captains and umpires before the match.

4.4.3. Local official "canicule" warnings in force *must* be respected.

4.4.4. Once the match has started, the umpires may offer additional drinks breaks or vary the frequency of pre-arranged breaks, depending on the weather and on the state of play.

4.4.5. See paragraphs 6.4 and 7 for further detail.

4.5. Over rate

4.5.1. Each innings should be completed at a rate of 15 overs per hour of play (net of time-outs for injuries, dismissals and searches for lost balls).

If the side bowling first does not bowl its allotment of X overs (where X is 40, or a lower number in a reduced-overs game) inside X times 4 minutes net of interruptions and any time-wasting by the batting side, the innings will continue until the overs are completed or until the batting side is dismissed. However, when they come to bat, the "offending" side will receive only the number of overs which they themselves managed to bowl in the first Xx4 minutes.

4.5.2. If the side bowling second does not complete its allotted overs in the time available, net of interruptions and any time wasting on the part of the batting side, the umpires will award the batting side 5 penalty runs per over in excess of the allotted time (in addition to whatever runs are scored off the bat).

4.5.3. The umpires are the sole judges of timing and will make a written report to ACCSO on significant infractions.

4.6. Weather-affected matches

In the event of bad weather, the number of overs may be reduced, as follows:

4.6.1. Time lost before the start of the first innings and/or during the first innings: for every 8 minutes lost, in full or in part, a reduction of 1 over is applied to both innings. Example: If 75 minutes are lost, the match is reduced by 10 overs per innings.

If the side batting first has already received more than XX overs (in this example $40-10=30$) it will receive no more overs; and the target for the side batting second will be calculated as one run more than (total runs scored by the side batting first, divided by the number of overs they actually received) multiplied by the overs available to the side batting second.

4.6.2. Time lost during the second innings: for every 4 minutes lost, 1 over will be deducted, subject to a residue of 20 overs. The target for the side batting second will be calculated as one run more than (total runs scored by the side batting first, divided by 40 overs **or by the actual overs received if the first innings was declared within 40 overs, or if the first innings was reduced because of the weather**) multiplied by the overs available to the side batting second.

4.6.3. If the side batting second, with wickets in hand, cannot receive at least 20 overs, paragraphs 4.8.4 or 4.9.2 will apply, as appropriate.

4.7. Tied matches

4.7.1. In **pool-phase** matches, in the event of a tie (scores equal), points will be awarded as per 4.15 below.

4.7.2. In the **Final** match (if scheduled), in the event of a tie (scores equal), the winner will be the side having lost fewer wickets.

If the match is tied on both runs scored and wickets lost, the winner will be decided on runs-per-over received.

If the match is still tied, the issue will be decided by bowling at an unprotected set of stumps (a penalty shoot-out):

- 5 players, selected by each captain, will bowl one ball alternately. The side with the greater number of hits shall be the winner.
- If both sides score the same number of hits, the sixth player from each side will bowl in pairs; and so on, until one side gets one wicket ahead ("sudden death").

4.8. Incomplete pool-phase matches

4.8.1. If a **pool-phase** match is called off during the **first innings** it will automatically be re-scheduled to the earlier of the two reserve dates.

4.8.2. If the reserve dates have already been used by either or both of the clubs concerned, the clubs may see whether another date (before end-July) is mutually convenient. If so, the match can be re-scheduled to that alternative date, in consultation with ACCSO Committee.

However, neither club is under an obligation to look beyond the **28 July**.

If, finally, re-scheduling is not possible, the game will be declared 'abandoned', with 1 point to each side.

4.8.4. If a **pool-phase** match is called off during the **second** innings and if the side batting second has neither lost all its wickets nor received 20 overs, paragraphs 4.8.2/3 apply.

4.8.5. If a **pool-phase** match is called off during the second innings and the side batting second has received at least 20 overs (or $X/2$, where X is the number of overs available in a reduced-overs match), then runs-per-over-received will be used to determine the winning side.

The runs-per-over-received of the side batting first is runs scored divided by 40 (or by X, where X is the number of overs available in a reduced-overs game). This calculation applies regardless of

whether the side batting first loses all of its wickets or still has wickets in hand at the end of the available overs. The runs-per-over-received of the side batting second is runs scored divided by overs actually received.

4.9. Incomplete Final match (if scheduled)

4.9.1. If the Final match is called off during the **first innings**, the match will be decided by the toss of a coin.

4.9.2 If the Final match is called off during the **second innings** and if the side batting second has neither lost all its wickets nor received 20 overs, paragraph 4.9.1 applies.

4.9.3 If the Final match is called off during the **second innings** and the side batting second has received at least 20 overs (or $X/2$, where X is the number of overs available in a reduced-overs match), then runs-per-over-received will be used to determine the winning side.

The runs-per-over-received of the side batting first is runs scored divided by 40 (or by X , where X is the number of overs available in a reduced-overs game). This calculation applies regardless of whether the side batting first loses all of its wickets or still has wickets in hand at the end of the available overs. The runs-per-over-received of the side batting second is runs scored divided by overs actually received.

4.10. Dangerous Bowling

Laws 41.6, 41.7 and 41.8 will be applied in full and consistently, including the process of cautions, warnings and suspensio, with the following exceptions

Law 41.6.3 is amended as follows: All short-pitched balls (“bouncers”) above shoulder height will be No-Balled, regardless of speed of delivery. The first such delivery will result in a first and final warning.

Law 41.6.3 is amended as follows: All short-pitched balls (“bouncers”) above shoulder height will be No-Balled, regardless of speed of delivery. The first such delivery will result in a first and final warning.

"Law 41.7 High non-pitching deliveries (“beamers”) above waist height will be treated according to the revised Law, which comes into effect on 1st April 2019.

All beamers are unfair and will be No-balled; but they will not incur a warning unless the umpire decides that such a delivery is dangerous and likely to risk injury to the batsman.

Umpires are required to use their best judgement to determine whether a delivery is dangerous.

Their decisions will be based on various factors such as the speed or direction of the ball, the ability of the batsman, and whether such deliveries are repeated.

If a beamer is deemed to be dangerous, it will lead to a first and final warning to the bowler, with a suspension from bowling if he bowls another dangerous beamer in the same innings.

Note that the deliberate bowling of a beamer remains an offense for which the penalty is an immediate suspension from bowling for the rest of the match.."

A bowler suspended for a repeat offence after a first-and-final warning MUST be reported.

4.11. No more than 5 fielders are allowed on the leg-side (addition to Law 28.4).

4.12. Wides:

4.12.1. All off-side deliveries which pass on or outside the return crease will be called “Wide”, unless the delivery touches the bat or the batsman. The return crease must be painted to extend back to the bowling crease, at both ends of the track/carpet and on both sides of the wicket. If these lines are not painted and no means exists on site to paint them, the match will be abandoned and, where possible, re-scheduled.

4.12.2. Off-side deliveries which pass inside the return crease but which are unplayable as per Law 22.1 will be called “wide”.

4.12.3. For leg-side wides, ECC competition rules shall apply: All balls, not struck by or striking the batsman, passing behind the profile of the batsman in his normal guard position, are to be called ‘wide’. Wide is not called in the case of a batsman who, receiving a leg-side delivery which in the opinion of the umpire would normally have hit his body, moves towards the off-side and thereby causes the ball to pass behind him.

4.13. No Balls: All deliveries not landing completely on the pitch (carpet, mat or Flix pitch) shall be called a **No-Ball** (as per Law 21.7)

4.14. Unfair deliveries (“throwing”) as defined in Law 21.3.

If a bowler is suspended during an ACCSO match, the club concerned will initiate the procedure (approved by club presidents at ACCSO AGM 2013) which appears on the Regulations page of the ACCSO Web site.

4.15. Pool winner.

The team with most points at the end of the pool phase will be the winner. Should two or more clubs be tied on points, the overall winner will be the club which beat the other(s) during the season. If that does not produce a clear winner, the remaining clubs in contention will be separated by NRR across the entire season. Note: NRR calculation may be found from a link on the ACCSO Tournaments Regulations web page.

5. Clubs’ Obligations

5.1 Umpires:

5.1.1 In signing up to play in the League, the president of each club commits to nominate at least one qualified umpire, licenced for 2019.

5.1.1.1 ACCSO’s Umpiring Manager is responsible for the management of the region’s umpiring community. In order to ensure that competitive matches are correctly managed, both in playing terms and in the event of accidents, he will work up a roster based on club nominees with the objective that at every match there are two umpires who are qualified, licenced and non-playing.

5.1.2 Where only one such umpire is present on the day, the match may proceed if he is willing to stand at the bowler’s end for the full match, with the batting side providing a square-leg umpire. If the qualified umpire is not willing, or if this arrangement is not approved by both captains, the match is abandoned. Its outcome will be decided as per paragraphs 4.8.2, 4.8.3 or 4.9.1, as appropriate.

5.1.3 Where no such umpires are present, the match is automatically abandoned. Its outcome will be decided as per paragraphs 4.8.2, 4.8.3 or 4.9.1, as appropriate.

5.2. Scoring: Two people, ideally one non-playing scorer from each team, are required to keep score, keeping both teams score books up to date throughout the match. At a minimum, the Home president is responsible for providing at least one non-playing scorer. In the event of either or both teams not having a scorer, the captains are responsible for ensuring their players keep both score books up to date whilst their team is batting.

6. Before the Match.

6.1 A club wishing to re-schedule a match for technical/squad** reasons must e-mail an application to ACCSO (Secretary@cricket-sw-france.org) no later than 7 days before the scheduled date. ACCSO will consider the validity of the request and inform the clubs concerned and the umpiring body of its decision no later than 72 hours before the original planned date.

** This procedure also applies to clubs who have two or more players selected for French national teams in international matches or in official training sessions.

Every effort will be made to re-schedule the match in question, subject to the following conditions:

6.1.1 If the match in question is a **pool-phase** match and if the request to re-schedule is made 7 or more days before the original planned date:

Where both clubs are in agreement that re-scheduling is not possible, the game will be declared 'abandoned', with 1 point to each club.

If the opposing club is willing to accept a postponement, they may specify conditions as part of their acceptance. For example, that the match should be re-scheduled to take place before a certain date; or that, if they themselves are subsequently not able to raise a team on the new date, the original 'match abandoned' decision will stand.

If such conditions are agreed, they should be documented to ACCSO (secretary@cricket-sw-france.org,) who will accept the arrangement if umpires can be made available for the new date.

6.1.2 If the match in question is a **pool-phase** match and if the request to re-schedule is made less than 7 days before the original planned date:

Whilst it is legitimate for one club to ask for a postponement within the 7-day limit because they are unable to raise a team, the opposing club is equally at liberty to decline. If the opposing clubs does decline, then they will normally be awarded the match and 2 points.

If the opposing club is willing to accept a postponement, they may specify conditions as part of their acceptance: for example, that the match should be re-scheduled to take place before a certain date; or that, if they themselves are subsequently not able to raise a team on the new date, the original match forfeit will stand. If such conditions are agreed, they should be documented to ACCSO (secretary@cricket-sw-france.org,) , who will accept the arrangement if umpires can be made available for the new date.

6.1.3 If the match in question is **the Final** match, it will be awarded to the non-defaulting club.

6.2. A club wishing to postpone any League match on meteorological grounds (based on *canicule* alerts, reliable forecasts of rain or shade temperatures of 35° or more) must inform – by telephone in the first instance – the other club and the umpires, with e-mail confirmation to ACCSO (both the Secretary and the Umpiring Manager), all no later than 24 hours before the scheduled start time.

Where both clubs are in agreement that the match should not be played, every effort will be made to re-schedule the match in question, subject to the following conditions:

6.2.1. If the match in question is a **pool-phase** match and re-scheduling is not possible, the game will be declared 'abandoned', with 1 point to each side.

6.2.2. If the match in question is **the Final** match, it will be decided by the wives/partners of two members of ACCSO Committee tossing a coin.

6.2.3. **If one club does not agree to any of the above**, both sides will be present on the original planned date and the umpires will assess the situation as in paragraph 6.4, below.

If no play is possible, or if the second innings is incomplete, the sides will toss a coin to decide the winners.

6.3. If, on the day of a match, the home/hosting club decides that its ground is unfit for play because of bad weather, it must inform the visiting club and the appointed umpires (with copies to both ACCSO Secretary and Umpiring Manager) no later than 4 hours before the scheduled start time.

Where both clubs are in agreement, every effort will be made to re-schedule the match in question, as per paragraph 6.2, above.

If one club does not agree, both sides will be present on the planned date and the umpires will be the sole judges of whether play is possible, as per paragraph 6.4, below. If no play is possible, or if the second innings is incomplete, the sides will toss a coin to decide the winners.

6.4. On the ground, and before the toss, the umpires and the captains will review the playing conditions and, taking into account all environmental conditions (heat, etc.), the umpires will decide whether the match should proceed; and if so, how many overs will be played, plus the frequency and length of drinks breaks and other intervals.

6.5. The umpires must be informed before the toss of the presence of any player under the age of 19 on the day of the match, such that the relevant ECB Guidelines may be duly applied (over limits for U19 bowlers; helmets and fielding restrictions for U18s).

6.6. A Team Sheet from E-license showing the 11 players for the match, will be handed to the umpires by each team captain. The procedure for obtaining this may be found in the Regulations Section of the ACCSO Web site.

6.7. Only ACCSO can decide on questions of “force majeure”.

7. During the Match.

7.1 **Law 24.2 is replaced with the following:** A fielder who is off the field of play for more than 15 minutes must be back on the field for at least as long again before being allowed to bowl.

7.2 **Law 25.3 is replaced with the following:** A fielder who is off the field of play for more than 20 minutes at the end of the first side’s innings must wait as long again before he can bat.

7.3 The frequency and length of drinks breaks having been established prior to the match, batsmen and/or fielders are not allowed to call for drinks to be brought on to the field of play, nor are their colleagues to bring drinks up to or over the boundary. However, umpires will exercise their discretion if a request is made by a batsman or by the captain of the fielding side.

7.4 From the scheduled start time onwards the umpires shall, as per Law 2.7, be the sole judges of whether the playing conditions are suitable for play to continue.

7.5 If either umpire considers that the conditions have become unreasonable or dangerous (“likelihood of injury”), they shall stop the match and not re-start until they think that conditions have improved. If it is not possible to re-start, the outcome of the match will be as per paragraphs 4.8 or 4.9 as appropriate.

7.6 If conditions become less than ideal, play should continue for as long as possible, until such time as either umpire decides that conditions have become dangerous or unreasonable. At that point, the outcome of the match will be as per paragraphs 4.8 or 4.9, as appropriate.

8. After the Match.

8.1 The two umpires shall sign both score books, validating the scores.

8.2 A copy of the ACCSO match report form must be signed by both captains and by the two umpires, with full names in block capitals. After the umpires have signed, the captains may enter any relevant remarks about the umpires.

8.3 The winning side must e-mail a digital image of the match report to ACCSO (secretary@cricket-sw-france.org,) within 48 hours of the end of the match.

8.4 The umpires shall complete and sign the Sportsmanship Award Form

8.5 The umpires must e-mail a digital image of the Sportsmanship Award Form and Team Sheets to ACCSO (competitions@cricket-sw-france.org,) within 48 hours of the end of the match.

8.6 Any protest, claim or dispute by either side must be clearly written up and e-mailed to ACCSO(secretary@cricket-sw-france.org,) within 72 hours of the end of the match.

8.7 Any report by the umpires – especially about bad conduct* – must be e-mailed to ACCSO (secretary@cricket-sw-france.org,) within 48 hours of the end of the match. * See paragraph 9 below and also the disciplinary procedure on the Regulations page of the ACCSO Web site.

9. Discipline.

9.1 Laws 41 and 42 apply in full.

9.2 Club captains are held responsible for their team's discipline, good conduct and respect for the laws and spirit of the game.

9.3 The umpires will be the sole arbiters of fair play. A captain must respect – and have respected – any remarks or requirements from the umpires.

9.4 Players must respect all umpiring decisions. Where player(s) do not do so, or show verbal or physical dissent, the umpires will call "Dead Ball" and will decide whether to de-fuse the situation or whether the circumstances warrant disciplinary action under the Laws.

If the latter course is chosen, the umpires will inform the player(s) concerned, via their captain(s), that they will be reported. This will be noted by the umpires on the Match Report form, in order to alert ACCSO.

The disciplinary report itself must be received by ACCSO (secretary@cricket-sw-france.org,) within 48 hours of the end of the match (as per paragraph 8.7, above).

The Secretary of ACCSO will inform the club(s) that a disciplinary report has been received.

9.5 Where player(s) behave in a way likely to bring the game into disrepute, the umpires will call "Dead Ball" and will decide whether to de-fuse the situation or whether the circumstances warrant disciplinary action.

If the latter course is chosen, the umpires will inform the player(s) concerned, via their captain(s), that they will be reported. This will be noted by the umpires on the Match Report form, in order to alert ACCSO.

The disciplinary report itself must be received by the Secretary of ACCSO within 48 hours of the end of the match.

The Secretary of ACCSO will inform the club(s) that a disciplinary report has been received.

9.6 The procedure to be followed for the treatment of all disciplinary reports, and any subsequent appeals, is described in the Disciplinary Procedure document accessible via the Regulations page of the ACCSO Web site.

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